

Item no Report no

# **DRAFT**

## **Edinburgh Tram Contracts Acceptance**

## The City of Edinburgh Council

20 December 2007

## 1 Purpose of report

- 1.1 To seek approval of Final Business Case version 2 (FBCv2) prepared by tie for the Edinburgh Tram Network.
- 1.2 To seek approval for the award by tie of the contracts for the supply and maintenance of the infrastructure works (Infraco) and tram vehicles (Tramco) subject to a supplementary report on the latest negotiated position, price and terms being consistent with the Financial Business Case.
- 1.3 To seek approval of the governance arrangements of the Tram through completion of the above contracts, commissioning and commencement of integrated transport operations.

## 2 Summary

2.1 A detailed report recommending approval of the Tram Final Business Case version 1 was presented to Council on 25 October this year. This is materially unchanged from the FBCv1 approved in October in respect of scope, programme, risk allocation and estimated capital cost. This current report summarises progress over the last two months drawing particular attention to developments and issues associated with project risks, project funding and governance arrangements.

#### 3 Main Report

## **Recent Developments**

3.1 Detailed negotiations between tie and the preferred Infraco contractor, Bilfinger Berger and Siemens (BBS), and the preferred Tramco contractor CAF have progressed satisfactorily with a programmed financial close date of 11 January 2008 and programme contract award on 28 January 2008. Negotiations have focussed on the following issues:

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- Novation of Tramco and SDS contracts.
- Design Matters

- Price and Risk allocation
- Construction Programme
- 3.2 The cost estimates for the project reflect provision for evolution as the detailed design is completed in the coming months. The design is completed under the Infraco contract from the point of award of that contract through novation of the System Design Services contract with Parsons Brinckerhoff to Infraco.

## 4 Project Governance

#### **Tram Project Board**

- 4.1 On 23 August the Chief Executive reported to Council that the role of the Tram Project Board required to be considered afresh. Council was advised that the TPB was not a legal entity. It also had no direct delegated authority from the Council to take decisions regarding the project. This report addresses the shortcomings described in August.
- 4.2 It has been stated by TEL that they would wish TPB to be a committee of the company. That is competent, but the Council requires to delegate power in the first place to TEL. There will be a seamless delegation of authority from the Council through TEL to TPB to ensure proper governance and accountability. With effect from approval of this report, and looking to future actings of the parties, it is recommended that Council formally delegates authority to TEL in accordance with the Operating Agreement, which terms are to be agreed shortly. This agreement is not critical for the purposes of the award of the main contracts by tie. However, it is essential that from approval of this report today, TPB is empowered through TEL to take all relevant decisions in respect of the project. For that to be completed TEL would have to take a decision at board level resolving to further delegate its powers from the Council on to TPB.
- 4.3 Council is also asked to nominate the Director of City Development and the Director of Finance to represent the Council on the TPB.
- 4.4 To further ensure that all aspects of governance are in place Council is asked to authorise through tie that this company also has a firm delegation of appropriate powers to engage with the TPB.
- 4.5 The tie operating agreement has been agreed and is included as Appendix 3 of this report.

## **Tram Monitoring Officer**

4.6 The Operating Agreement with tie envisages a "Tram Monitoring Officer", described as a Council officer nominated by the Council to monitor the Company in relation to the Tram Project. A variety of controls will be vested in this officer by virtue of the Operating Agreement. Council is asked to designate The Director of City Development as the Monitoring Officer.

## **Tram Sub Committee**

- 4.7 Clarity requires to be established on a number of other issues concerning governance. Council has previously considered the remit of the Tram Sub-Committee of the Transport, Infrastructure and Environment Committee, and this report now brings forward more definition of that remit.
- 4.8 Some issues will require to be referred to Council, including the approval of the annual business cases for **tie** and TEL respectively, including their annual accounts. Any issues which require to be referred to Scottish Ministers will be reserved to Council. Any significant changes to Council liabilities within the Tram Project will also be reserved to Council.
- 4.9 All other Tram matters will be referred to the Tram Sub-Committee, together with the general discretion to decide when matters are referred to its parent Committee or to Council.
- 4.10 The range of matters within the remit of the Sub-Committee will include the following, all as approved by Council through this report.
  - Changes to the Infraco, Tramco and Mudfa contracts, including claims' settlement of sums in excess of £1 million annually.
  - Transport Scotland funding: information on critical issues as required.
  - Financial statements: monthly/annual and borrowings (including Section 75).
  - Risk Register updates.
  - TRO and Traffic Impact, including any statutory hearing (e.g. Agreement to advertise Orders or referral of matters to Scottish Ministers).
  - TRO and Temporary Traffic Impact.
  - Operating Issues: TEL to report.
  - Changes to governance with tie and TEL Boards.
  - Third Party Agreement issues.
  - Section 75 Developer Contributions update.
  - Public Relations : Press/Media communications

Approval of the Communication Strategy Feedback from the Business Sector Other issues relevant to the Council

- Notification of disputes with tie ( and their contractors ) and/or TEL and report on outcomes.
- Roads Demarcation Agreement: approval of the division of responsibilities between the Council and TEL.

Updates on Office of Government Commerce outcomes (OGC).

The OGC conducted gateway review 3 between 1<sup>st</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> October 2007. The outcome provided 8 outcome recommendations to tie. Certain recommendations are completed with updates provided to the Council on the progress of others.

· Other non-delegated matters arising.

#### 5 The Final Business Case

- 5.1 FBCv2 is included as a background paper to this report and reflects no material changes since FBCv1 in respect of:
  - Scope and functionality of the project
  - Overall programme which still reflects tram operations commencing in Q1 2011 for revenue services
  - Risks retained by the public sector
  - Estimated capital costs which remain consistent with the final business case for Phase 1a (Airport to Newhaven) and for Roseburn to Granton inclusive of allowance for risks retained by the public sector.
  - Funding currently available for the project of £545m comprising £500m from the Scottish Government and £45m from CEC.
- 5.2 The FBC repeats its recommendation of proceeding initially with Phase 1a within the funding of £545m committed to the project. Funding available from the Scottish Government will be 92% of the total cost and capped at £500m (excluding the costs of the new Gogar Station to serve Edinburgh Airport).

## 6 Bikes on Trams

- 6.1 An addendum to the motion passed by the Council on the 25<sup>th</sup> October 2007 was made by the Green Party to investigate ways whereby bicycles can be carried by Trams.
- 6.2 **tie** and TEL have reviewed the issue of cycle carriage on the Tram and concluded that at present this cannot be achieved in a safe and efficient manner without causing undue discomfort and risk to other passengers.
- 6.3 The preferred bidder for vehicle supply will be asked to investigate, as part of the tram internal design finalisation, whether potential capacity for safe cycle carriage is possible to achieve so as not to preclude a future review of this policy.
- 6.4 It is obviously vital to ensure a robust operational service at opening, however it is considered possible that when the system is operational, a trial of cycle carriage could then be evaluated in detail.

## 7 Financial Implications

7.1 The report to Council in October provided a detailed financial analysis of the Final Business Case, based on the design work completed at that time and upon the firm bids received for tram vehicles and infrastructure. This section reflects upon the financial implications and risks associated with the project in the context of the continuing contractual negotiations with BBS, the Infraco

preferred bidder, and the design and value engineering work aimed carried out since October.

#### **Capital Costs**

7.2 The Final Business Case estimates costs to be £498m inclusive of a risk allowance as reported in October 2007.

#### **Funding**

- 7.3 The available funding for the project remains at £545m. £45m of this sum has been committed by the City of Edinburgh Council with the remaining £500m as grant funding from Transport Scotland. The terms of the grant award have been agreed with officials from Transport Scotland. The award letter will confirm the annual sums that will be provided by the Scotlish Government. The Draft Grant Funding Award letter is provided as a background paper to this report.
- 7.4 The funding percentage has been agreed at 91.7% Transport Scotland and 8.3% City if Edinburgh Council. Transport Scotland have set yearly limits on the amount of grant available, negotiations are on going with Transport Scotland to facilitate acceleration or slippage if spend where it is commercially advantageous.7.5 It should be noted that an independent assessment has been made, by DTZ following the Conservative addendum to the motion passed by the Council on the 25<sup>th</sup> October 2007 on the Council's £45m contribution. This independent assessment confirms the scale of contributions that can be expected. Their report states "that the Council's tram funding strategy is realistic, based on sound assumptions and achievable within the timescales". The findings are subject to a separate report within the agenda of the Full Council.
- 7.6 On 19<sup>th</sup> December the Planning Committee will be asked to approve the revised Tram Developer Contribution Guideline. This will allow the Council to borrow against future developers contributions for the tram for up to 20 years after completion of the tram project.

## **CEC Guarantee and Designation of Authority**

- 7.7 A Draft Guarantee Agreement and Designation of Authority between the City of Edinburgh Council and the Infraco contractor BBS has been prepared, with the approval of the Council, and will be required to be executed on behalf of the Council before BBS will agree to sign the Infraco contract. The form of the resolution to be adopted by the Council in this regard is provided at Appendix 4.
- 7.8 A draft guarantee agreement between the City of Edinburgh Council and the Infraco contractor BBS has been prepared by the Council Solicitor and, with the approval of the Council, will be required to be executed on behalf of the Council before the Infraco contractor will agree to sign the Infraco contract.

#### Risks

- 7.9 Active risk management on all aspects of the Tram Project continues with strenuous efforts being made by **tie** to resolve, transfer or mitigate outstanding risks. **tie**'s risk management process is fully described in the FBC and has been subject to external audit and verification.
- 7.10 The allocation of risk will have a significant bearing on the final negotiated price and the final out-turn costs for the project. The procurement strategy aims to minimise risk to works costs by placing risks with those best suited to manage

those risks. The detailed contractual apportionment of risk and responsibility between the public and private sector has been a central element of the structured negotiations with the preferred bidder. The negotiations do not indicate that there will be any material deviation from the risk allocations described in the FBC.

#### **Network Rail**

- 7.11 A critical third party approval relates to agreement with Network Rail and access to their land.
- 7.12 Early works within the construction phase of the contract requires access to Network Rail land.
- 7.13 The Lease to Network Rail land is in agreed form but cannot be signed until and Asset Protection Agreement is signed with Network Rail.

## **First Scotrail**

- 7.14 Agreement is required with First Scotrail on Depot and Station Change before land can be accessed at Haymarket Station.
- 7.15 These changes include change to the car park at Haymarket, movement of oil tanks at the depot and agreed compensation.

#### **Public Sector Risks**

- 7.16 Risks retained by the public sector and which therefore bear upon the Council are explained in the Final Business Case section 11. These risks include:
  - · Agreements with third parties delays to utility diversions
  - Finalisation of technical and prior approvals.
- 7.17 It should be noted that the cost of phase 1a has a risk contingency of £49m. This represents a total contingency sum (risk and headroom) of £96m.
- 7.18 The risk contingency does not cover major changes to scope especially to areas out with the immediate Tram corridors. The scope of such changes will be reviewed after completion of the Tram works and commencement of Tram operations.
- 7.19 Additional scope elements that will separately funded include
  - Bermard Street urban streetscape (funded from Scottish Enterprise Edinburgh and Lothian and the Heritage Lottery Fund)
  - Leith Walk- completion of footways as betterment with £2m funding from CEC spread over 3 financial years)
  - St Andrew Square- on-street capital works (optional with £6m funding from SEEL and City's Growth Fund)

## **Next Steps**

7.20 The table below summarises the milestone events in the final stages of the procurement and construction of the Edinburgh Tram Network.

- Date	Milestone
11 <sup>th</sup> January 2008	Financial Close.
28 <sup>th</sup> January 2008	Tramco/Infraco contracts awarded following CEC/TS approval and cooling off period.
1 <sup>st</sup> February 2008	Construction commences - phase 1a.
6 <sup>th</sup> February 2008	Planning Committee approval of Landscape Habitat Management Plan.
31 <sup>st</sup> March 2009	Latest decision to instruct <i>tie</i> /BBS to commence 1b
17 <sup>th</sup> November 2009	TRO process complete.
27 <sup>th</sup> August 2010	Commencement of test running - phase 1a.
2011	Operations commence

## 8 Conclusions

- 8.1 Contractual negotiations with the preferred bidders for Infraco and Tramco have been progressed satisfactorily by tie.
- 8.2 The preferred bidder negotiations, in terms of price, scope, design, and risk apportionment, give further assurance that Phase 1a can be completed within the available funding and are consistent with the Final Business Case.
- 8.3 The total forecast project cost including the price, being negotiated by **tie**, is consistent with business case. **tie** is confident that risk contingencies and the final approved design can be accommodated within the funding available.
- 8.4 A decision on whether to proceed with Phase 1b, within the Infraco contract, can be made at any time until March 2009.
- 8.5 A Supplementary Report may be issued for the 20 December 2007 Full Council setting out the latest negotiated position with the Infraco contractor (BBS).

#### 9 Recommendations

- 9.1 To approve the Final Business Case version 2.
- 9.2 To authorise the Directors of Finance, Corporate Services and City Development to instruct **tie** to enter into contracts with the Infraco bidder (BBS) and Tramco bidder CAF, (subject to compliance with the Final Business Case and Employer's Requirements and subject to a project cost of £498m inclusive of an auditable risk allowance.) as reflected in the draft resolution in Appendix 4.
- 9.3 To note that the formal award of these contracts are programmed to take place in January 2008 and will be reported to Council thereafter for scrutiny.
- 9.4 Approve the issue of the Guarantee and Designated Authority by the Council to the Infraco bidder as reflected in the draft resolution at Appendix 4.
- 9.5 To accept the terms of the Draft Grant Award Letter.
- 9.6 To approve the governance structure and note the status of the operating agreements.
- 9.7 To note the schedule of milestones presented at Section 7.17 above.

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## **Donald McGougan** Director of Finance

**Andrew Holmes Director of City Development** 

**Appendices** 

Appendix 1 Tram Governance Organogram Appendix 2 Draft TEL Operating Agreement Appendix 3 Draft tie Ltd Operating Agreement Appendix 4 CEC Guarantee

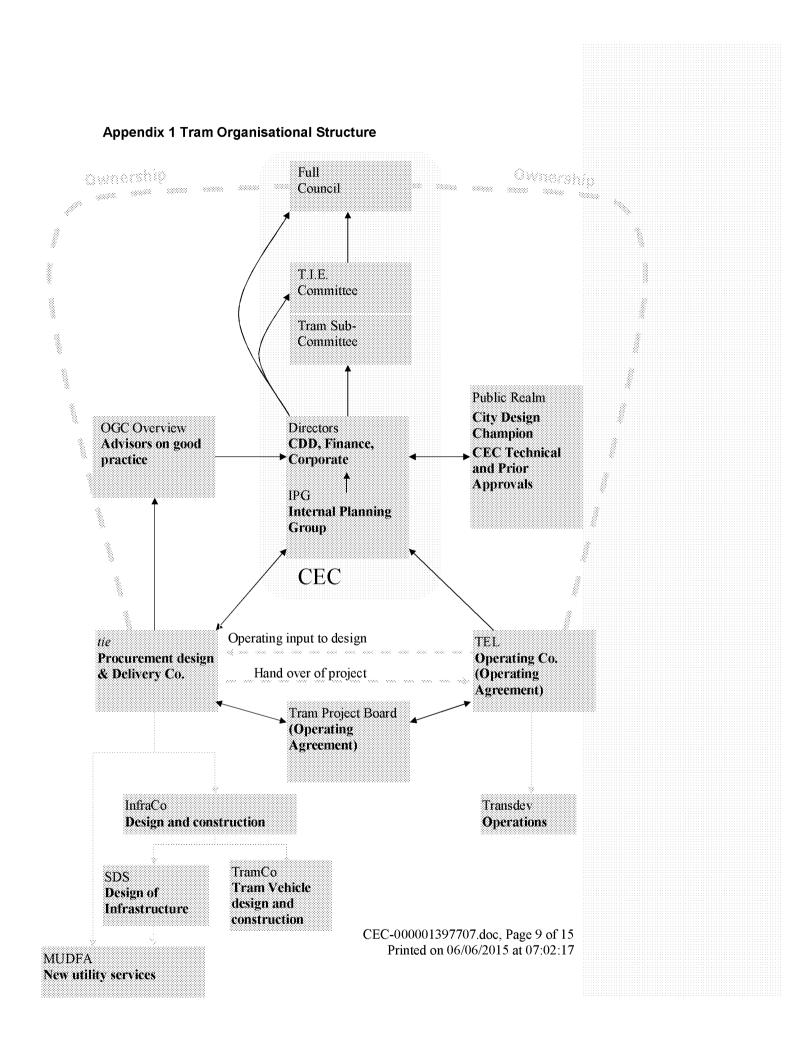
Contact/tel **Duncan Fraser** 

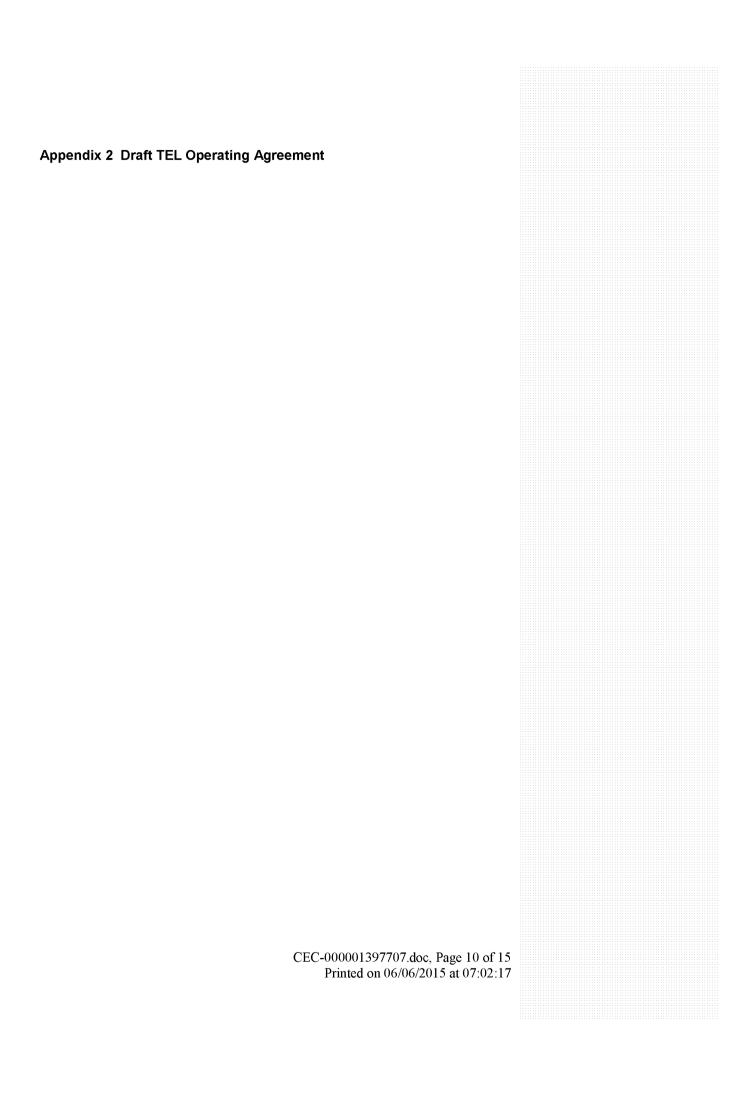
Rebecca Andrew

Wards affected ΑII

Edinburgh Tram Final Business Case Version 2 Background

**Papers Draft Grant Funding Award Letter** 





**Appendix 3 Draft tie Operating Agreement** CEC-000001397707.doc, Page 11 of 15 Printed on 06/06/2015 at 07:02:17

## Appendix 4

## **CEC Guarantee**

## Resolution

• The Council Resolves:

## **CEC Delegation of Authority**

• The Council Resolves

CEC-000001397707.doc, Page 12 of 15 Printed on 06/06/2015 at 07:02:17 The risks fall into the following broad categories

- a Project Risks (risks affecting the timeous completion of the project within time and budget and to the desired quality)
- b Operational Risks (risks affecting the long-term viability of TEL)

## **Project Risks**

- Between now and financial close there is a risk that the preferred bidder may withdraw from negotiations for a number of reasons, including the potential refusal to accept a novated contract for SDS or Tramco. Tie are working to minimise this risk through negotiations with the final bidder prior to Financial Close.
- The most significant risks affecting the timeous completion of the project within budget are identified in the FBC as those arising from the advance utility diversion works (MUDFA); changes to project scope or specification; and obtaining consents and approvals.
- 3. The main risk in respect of utilities is that delays from MUDFA in handing over sites to the infrastructure contractor could lead to claims from the infrastructure contractor and significant additional costs, tie staff are working to minimise this risk by working with both Infraco and MUDFA on their respective programmes. There is a further risk regarding the interface between MUDFA and the Scottish Utilities Companies (SUCS). If SUCs fail to approve designs on time, this could delay MUDFA works, which in turn could delay Infraco, leading to claims.
- 4. The Infraco contract is substantially a fixed price contract, so any scope changes post financial close will have to be implemented using a variation order, which will add costs to the project. It is therefore important that changes are kept to a minimum and to that end; the Tram Project has a clearly defined tight change control procedures, supervised by the Tram Project Board.
- 5. It is recognised that designs are not yet complete and some design assumptions may prove to be different to the aspirations of CEC and / or other third parties (e.g. Forth Ports). If the designs are built into the contract at contract close and the decision is made to change them at a later date, this will lead to additional costs and potential delay. In order to reduce this risk, further work will be done on the tram designs prior to contract close in the context of available funding.
- 6. Linked to this risk is that the visual aspects of the designs do not represent the preferences of the prior approvers so that Planning Approval is not given and designs have to be reworked and a variation order made to the contract leading again to additional cost and delay. The planning prior approvals programme is expected to be complete by March 2008, which is post contract close. To minimise the risk of planning approval being withheld post contract close, SDS and tie are involving planning staff in the design process so that concerns can be addressed at an early stage.
- 7. As noted in paragraph Error! Reference source not found.Error! Reference source not found. Value Engineering savings have been built into the cost estimates. If these cannot be achieved, there is a risk

CEC-000001397707.doc, Page 13 of 15 Printed on 06/06/2015 at 07:02:17 to the project estimate. To reduce this risk, further work will be done on Value Engineering prior to contract close, to improve the robustness of the VE savings. This will be considered prior to Contract Award taking account of the available contingencies and allowances for unrealised risk at that time.

- 8. TRO hearing is mandatory requirement under current legislation and financial allowance has been made for this under the risk register. It should be noted that the Scottish Government is consulting on potential changes to the legislation, which if approved would remove the mandatory requirement to hold a hearing, where a project has been subject of Parliamentary Approval.
- 9. As noted in the Report to Council in December 2006 that , on the recommendation of tie that the Council is taking a long lease of land rather than outright compulsory purchase on two sites, one owned by Network Rail the other by BAA. There is a small risk that these landowners may seek to impose conditions on the operation of Tram at some future date.
- 10. It should also be recognised that any decision by the Council or Scottish Ministers to cancel the trams is not free from costs, as costs including compensation to contractors and redundancies at tie, it is estimated this could be between £20m/£40m (dependent on the timing of cancellation). Transport Scotland has also indicated that should the Council cancel the tram for other than purely commercial reasons, the Council would be liable for the full cost of that decision. Conversely, should Scottish Ministers cancel the project for similar reasons it is assumed that they would pay for the project termination costs. Transport Scotland have acknowledged this in discussions.
- 11. The £545m of approved funding also is not completely free of risk. In particular contributions to Tram from developers are of course subject to development activity. However Agreements under Section 75 of the Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act total some £6.77m to date, with a number of further major contributions in the pipeline.
- 12. It should also be noted that since tie has no assets the Council will be called upon to give some form of formal guarantee of tie's contractual obligations. Current indications are that both Infraco bidders will be seeking a letter of undertaking from the Council to the effect that subject to final approval of release to the Council of grant funding by the Scottish Government, tie will be fully funded by the Council in respect of all payment obligations and financial liabilities incurred by tie pursuant to the Infraco contract, subject to compliance by the contractor with the contract terms. The undertaking would constitute a guarantee of payment only and not a commitment by the Council as to performance of the contractual obligations.

## **Operational Risks**

13. Future risks arising from the forecasting process have been examined by the JRC. After recapping on the central or reference case forecasts and the assumptions in these forecasts the Revenue and Risk Report tests the sensitivity of Tram to alternative planning and growth assumptions. The JRC also tested assumptions on the attractiveness of Tram to potential users and on the possible impact of bus competition. The analysis of the JRC illustrates the sensitivity of Tram to development assumptions. The interdependence of Tram and development – especially in north Edinburgh should be noted.

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- 14. A detailed statistical analysis has also been carried out that allows the assessment of the impact of a variety of relevant factors within assumed ranges. The analysis notes the sensitivity of the FBC financial projections for TEL. It also re-emphasises the fundamental relationship between the Tram and the continued growth of the City and associated movement demand, and consequently the sensitivity of Tram revenues to planning and economic growth.
- 15. In mitigation, it should be noted that Lothian Buses' extensive knowledge of the local transport market has been used to inform and validate the modelling process. Passenger growth assumptions are significantly lower than growth Lothian Buses has experienced in recent years.
- 16. While Council policy can influence planning and economic development there are decisions in the power of the Council and TEL which have a bearing on the outcome for Tram. In this regard the JRC examined the impact of partial completion of Phase 1, the effect of the Edinburgh Airport Rail Link (EARL) and of various detailed operational factors such as the quality of interchange, tram run-times, and bus service integration plans. The recent decision of Parliament to shelve EARL and the associate proposals for a new station at Gogar have not been included in the financial analysis for the FBC but will be positive.
- 17. The JRC concludes that the most significant risk to Tram arises from the planning growth assumptions (this applies especially to Phase 1b) but that TEL could manage its operations and reduce costs in response. However the most recent data available shows a continuing strong growth in development in areas close to the route of the Tram in north Edinburgh. The highest growth rates in the number of dwellings the City are to be found in Leith and Leith Walk where growth rates of approximately 8% from 2003 to 2005 have be recorded (Source Scottish Neighbourhood Statistics). Confidence can also be drawn from the continued growth in Lothian Buses patronage levels which continues at around 5% per annum a figure well above the projections of the JRC report.
- 18. It also should be noted that current modelling assumes that the Edinburgh Tram Project will be covered by the Scottish Executive's Transport Scotland's national concessionary travel scheme. It is a fundamental assumption that has consistently been understood and endorsed by Transport Scotland for business planning purposes that TEL bus and tram will both participate in the national concessionary travel scheme. However, this concessionary travel scheme will be reviewed by Government prior to the commencement of the tram. There is a risk that either the scheme will no longer apply (or provide a lower rate of compensation to transport operators), or that it could apply to bus and not tram. Given the long-standing commitment to integrated operation it is difficult to understand how this would be feasible.

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